POWERED BY NVIDIA.

ZOTAC®

Motherboard

GeForce 8100-ITX
GeForce 8200-ITX
GeForce 8300-ITX
Series
User's Manual

AMD Phenom 64 | AMD Sempron | AMD Athlon 64 | AMD Athlon X2 64

⚠ Electronic Emission Notices

Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with instructions contained in this manual, may cause harmful interference to radio and television communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- REORIENT OR RELOCATE THE RECEIVING ANTENNA
- INCREASE THE SEPARATION BETWEEN THE EQUIPMENT AND THE RECEIVER
- CONNECT THE EQUIPMENT INTO AN OUTLET ON A CIRCUIT DIFFERENT FROM THAT OF THE RECEIVER
- CONSULT THE DEALER OR AN EXPERIENCED AUDIO/TELEVISION TECHNICIAN

NOTE:
Connecting this device to peripheral devices that do not comply with Class B requirements, or using an unshielded peripheral data cable, could also result in harmful interference to radio or television reception.

The user is cautioned that any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

To ensure that the use of this product does not contribute to interference, it is necessary to use shielded I/O cables.

Copyright
This manual is copyrighted with all rights reserved. No portion of this manual may be copied or reproduced by any means.

While every precaution has been taken in the preparation of this manual, no responsibility for errors or omissions is assumed. Neither is any liability assumed for damages resulting from the use of the information contained herein.

Trademarks
All brand names, logos and registered trademarks mentioned are property of their respective owners.

Table of Contents

Motherboard Specifications

❏ **Chipset**
NVIDIA MCP78 series

❏ **Size**
ITX form factor of 6.69 inch x 6.69 inch

❏ **Microprocessor support**
Phenom/Athlon/Sempron with socket AM2/AM2+（65-watt TDP Max CPU recommended）

❏ **Operating systems:**
Supports Windows XP 32bit/64bit and Windows Vista 32bit/64bit

❏ **System Memory support**
Supports DDRII533/667/800/1066. Supports up to 8GBs with 2 slots.

❏ **USB 2.0 Ports**
  ❖ Supports hot plug and play
  ❖ Ten USB 2.0 ports (six rear panel ports, four from onboard USB headers)
  ❖ Supports wake-up from S1
  ❖ Supports USB 2.0 protocol up to 480 Mbps transmission rate

❏ **Onboard Serial ATA II**
  ❖ Independent DMA operation on four ports (optional).
  ❖ Data transfer rates of 300Mb/s.

❏ **Onboard LAN**
  ❖ LAN interface built-in onboard
  ❖ Supports 10/100/1000Mbps Ethernet, 1000Mbps Ethernet is optional.

❏ **Onboard Audio(optional)**
  ❖ Azalia High-Definition audio
  ❖ Supports 6-channel audio
  ❖ Supports Jack-Sensing function

❏ **PCI Express Support**
  ❖ Supports one PCIE x1 slot(optional)
  ❖ Low power consumption and power management features

❏ **Green Function**
  ❖ Supports ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface)
  ❖ AC power failure recovery

❏ **Onboard Graphics Support**
  ❖ Integrates GeForce 8-class engine core.
  ❖ DVI output support(optional)
  ❖ HDMI support through a DVI-HDMI dongle(optional)

❏ **Expansion Slots**
  ❖ One PCI Express x1 slot(optional)

Motherboard Layout

Figure 1 shows the motherboard and Figures 2 shows the back panel connectors.
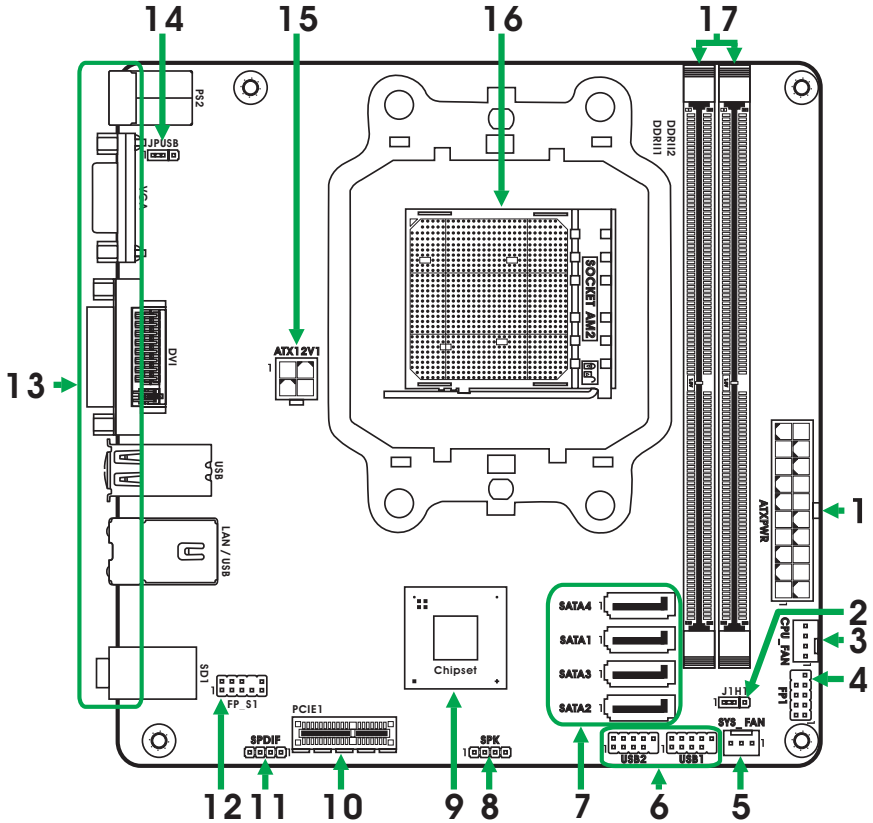
Figure 1.   Board Layout

1.   20-pin ATX Power Connector
2.   Clear COMS Jumper
3.   CPU Fan Connector
4.   Front Panel Connector
5.   SYS Fan Connector
6.   USB / WIFI Connectors
7.   SATA Connectors
8.   Speaker Connector
9.   Chipset

10.   PCI Express x1 slot
11.   SPDIF-Out Connector
12.   Front Panel Audio Connector
13.   Backpanel Connectors
14.   Rear USB Power Selection Jumper
15.   4-pin ATX_12V power Connector
16.   CPU Socket
17.   DDRII DIMM Socket

Figure 2: Backpanel connectors

With 6-Channel audio output
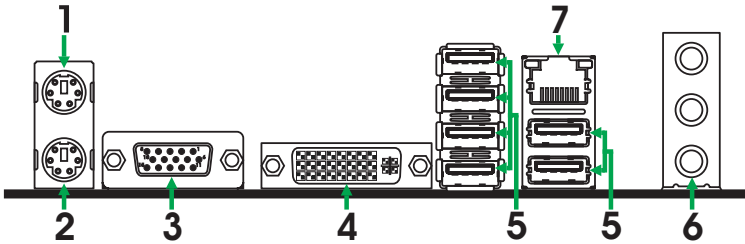
1. PS/2 Mouse Port

2. PS/2 Keyboard Port

3. VGA Port

4. DVI Out Port(optional)

5. USB Ports

6. *Port*	*2-Channel*	*4-Channel*	*6-Channe*
Blue	Line-In	Rear Speaker Out	Rear Speaker Out
Green	Line-Out	Front Speaker Out	Front Speaker Out
Pink	Mic In	Mic In	Center/Subwoofer

7. Lan Port with LEDs to indicate status.
   · Green/Light Up/Blink = 10 Mbps/Link/Activity
   · Orange/Light Up/Blink = 100 Mbps/Link/Activity
   · Orange/Light UP/Blink = 1000 Mbps/Link/Activity

Hardware Installation

This section will guide you through the installation of the motherboard. The topics covered in this section are:

❑ Preparing the motherboard
  ❖ Installing the CPU
  ❖ Installing the CPU fan
  ❖ Installing the memory

❑ Installing the motherboard

❑ Connecting cables and setting switches

Safety Instructions

To reduce the risk of fire, electric shock, and injury, always follow basic safety precations.

Remember to remove power from your computer by disconnecting the AC main source before removing or installing any equipment from/to the computer chassis.

Preparing the Motherboard

The motherboard shipped in the box does not contain a CPU and memory. You need to purchase these to complete this installation.

Installing the CPU

Be very careful when handling the CPU. Make sure not to bend or break any pins on the back. Hold the processor only by the edges and do not touch the bottom of the processor.

Use the following procedure to install the CPU onto the motherboard.

1. Please turn off the power and unplug the power cord before installing the CPU. Pull the lever up and away from the socket until it is at a 90 degree angle to the motherboard.
2. Look for the gold arrow on the CPU. The gold arrow should point away from the lever pivot. The CPU can only sit properly in the socket in the correct orientation.
3. If the CPU is correctly seated, the pins should be completely embedded in the socket and can not be seen (Please note that any deviation from the correct installation procedures may cause permanent damage to your motherboard).
4. Press the CPU down firmly into the socket and close the lever. As the CPU is likely to move while the lever is being closed, always close the lever with your fingers pressing tightly on top of the CPU to make sure the CPU is properly and completely seated in the socket.
5. When you are installing the CPU, make sure the CPU has a heat sink and a cooling fan attached on the top to prevent overheating. If you do not have the heat sink and cooling fan, contact your dealer to purchase and install them before turning on the computer.
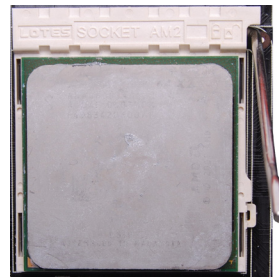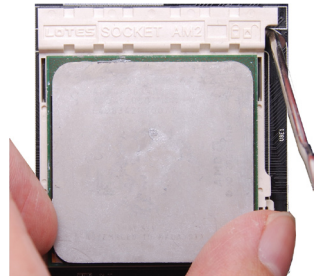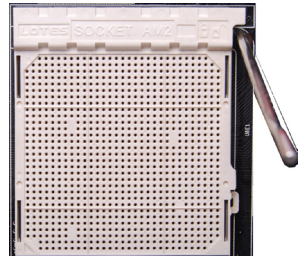
Installing the CPU Fan

There are many different fan types that can be used with this motherboard. Follow the instruction that came with your fan assembly. Be sure that the fan orientation is correct for your chassis type and your fan assembly.

Installing Memory DIMMs

Your new motherboard has two 1.8V 240-pin slots for DDR2 . These slots support 256 MB / 512 MB / 1 GB / 2 GB / 4 GB DDR2. There must be at least one memory bank populated to ensure normal operation. Use the following the recommendations for installing memory. (See Figure 1 on page 5 for the location of the memory slots.)

❑ **One DIMM**: You can install the DIMM into any slot.

❑ **Two DIMMs**: Install into slots 1 and 2. The idea is to run on dual channel mode.
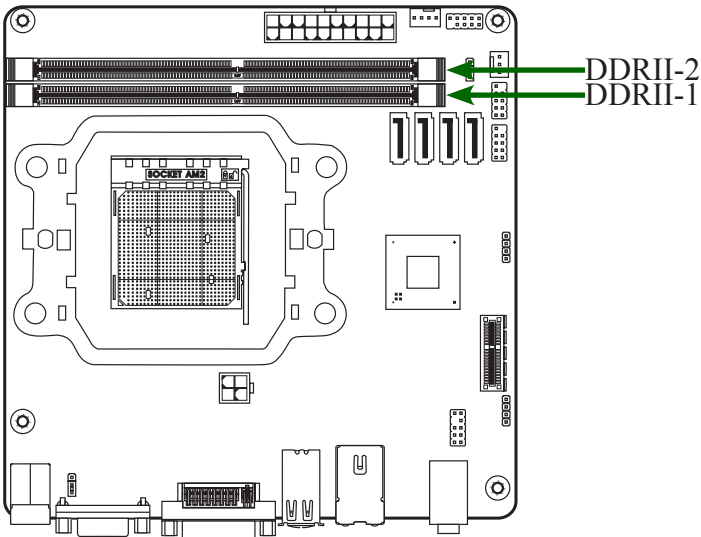
Use the following procedure to install memory DIMMs into the slots on the motherboard. Note that there is only one gap near the center of the DIMM slot. This slot matches the slot on the memory DIMM to ensure the component is installed properly.

1. Unlock a DIMM slot by pressing the module clips outward.
2. Align the memory module to the DIMM slot, and insert the module vertically into the DIMM slot. The plastic clips at both sides of the DIMM slot automatically lock the DIMM into the connector.

Installing the Motherboard

The sequence of installing the motherboard into the chassis depends on the chassis you are using and if you are replacing an existing motherboard or working with an empty chassis. Determine if it would be easier to make all the connections prior to this step or to secure the motherboard and then make all the connections. It is normally easier to secure the motherboard first.

Use the following procedure to install the I/O shield and secure the motherboard into the chassis.

Note: Be sure that the CPU fan assembly has enough clearance for the chassis covers to lock into place and for the expansion cards. Also make sure the CPU Fan assembly is aligned with the vents on the covers.

Installing the I/O Shield

The motherboard kit comes with an I/O shield that is used to block radio frequency transmissions, protects internal components from dust and foreign objects, and promotes correct airflow within the chassis.

Before installing the motherboard, install the I/O shield from the *inside* of the chassis. Press the I/O shield into place and make sure it fits securely. If the I/O shield does not fit into the chassis, you would need to obtain the proper size from the chassis supplier.

Connecting Cables and Setting Switches

This section takes you through all the connections and switch settings necessary on the motherboard.

See Figure 1 to locate the connectors and jumpers referenced in the following procedure.

20-pin ATX Power (ATXPWR)

ATXPWR is the main power supply connector. Make sure that the power supply cable and pins are properly aligned with the connector on the motherboard. Firmly plug the power supply cable into the connector and make sure it is secure.

Table 1.   ATXPWR Pin Assignments

Connector
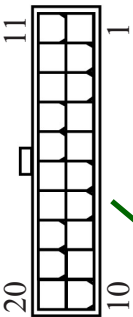
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	+3.3V	11	+3.3V
2	+3.3V	12	-12V
3	GND	13	GND
4	+5V	14	PS_ON
5	GND	15	GND
6	+5V	16	GND
7	GND	17	GND
8	PWROK	18	-5V
9	+5V_AUX	19	+5V
10	+12V	20	+5V
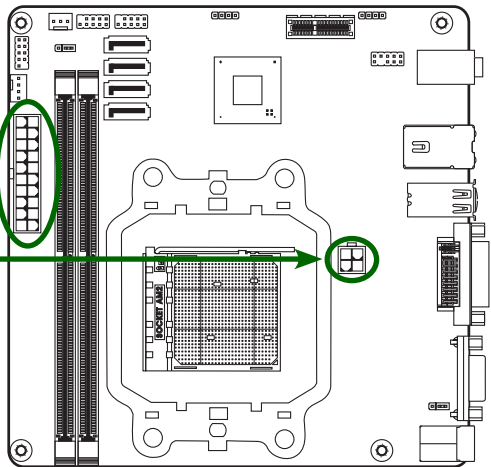
4-pin ATX 12V Power (ATX12V1)

ATX12V1, the 4-pin ATX 12V power connection, is used to provide power to the CPU. Align the pins to the connector and press firmly until seated.

ATX12V1 - Pin Definition

PIN	Assignment
1	GND
2	GND
3	+12V
4	+12V

SPDIF-Out Header

This header provides a SPDIF-Out (Sony/ Philips Digital Interface) to digital multimedia device through coaxial connector.

SPDIF - Pin Definition

PIN	Assignment
1	SPDIF-out
2	+3.3V
3	NC
4	GND
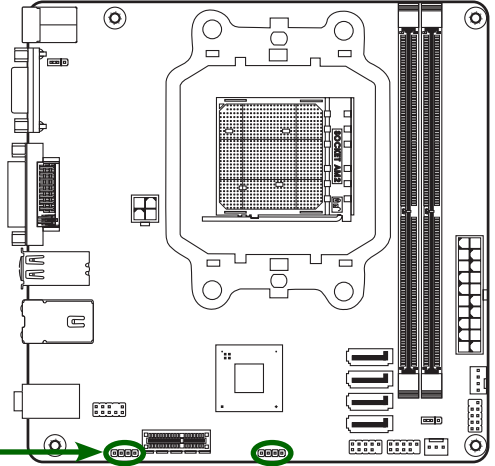
SPDIF

Speaker Connector - SPK

SPK - Pin Definition

PIN	Assignment
1	VCC
2	NC
3	NC
4	SPK-

SPK

Front Panel Header

The front panel header on this motherboard is one connector used
to connect the following four cables (see Table 2 for pin definitions):

❑ **PWR LED**

Attach the front panel power LED cable to these two pins of the
connector. The Power LED indicates the system's status.

Front Panel Header Pins
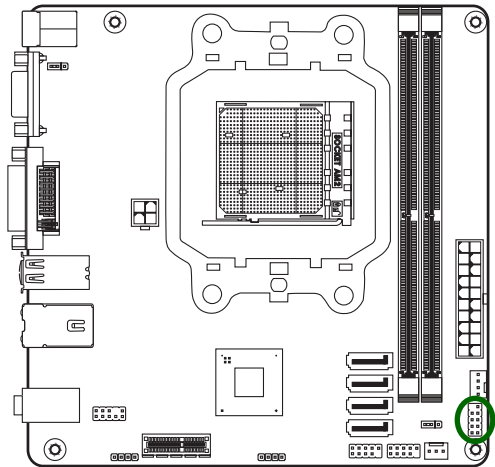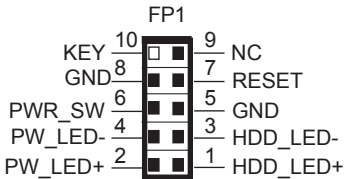
Note: Some chassis do not have all four cables. Be sure to match the name on the connectors to the corresponding pins.

❑ **PWR SW**

Attach the power button cable from the case to these two pins. Pressing the
power button on the front panel turns the system on and off rather than using the
power supply button.

❑ **HDD LED**

Attach the hard disk drive indicator **LED** cable to these two pins. The HDD
indicator **LED** indicates the activity status of the hard disks.

❑ **RST SW**

Attach the Reset switch cable from the front panel of the case to these two pins.
The system restarts when the **RESET** switch is pressed.

USB / WIFI Headers

The motherboard contains two 10-pin internal headers onboard. These two headers also can be connected to WIFI Lan card.

1. Secure the bracket to either the front or rear panel of your chassis (not all chassis are equipped with the front panel option).

USB-1/USB-2 - Pin Definition

PIN	Assignment
1	VCC
2	VCC
3	USBP0-
4	USBP1-
5	USBP0+
6	USBP1+
7	GND
8	GND
9	KEY
10	OC#
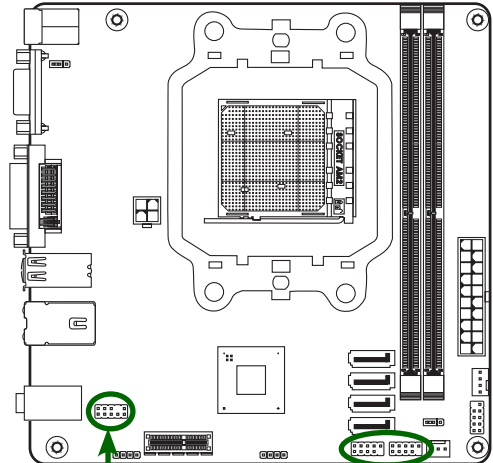
FP Audio Connector

The audio connector supports HD audio standard and provides two kinds of audio output choices: the Front Audio, the Rear Audio. The front Audio supports re-tasking function.

Note:
In order to utilize the front audio header, your chassis must have front audio connector. Also please make sure the pin assignment on the cable is the same as the pin assignment on the mainboard header. To find out if the chassis you are buying supports a front audio connector, please contract your dealer.

USB2   USB1

FP_S1
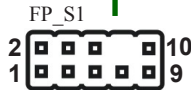
FP - Audio Pin Definition

PIN	Assignment
1	MIC2(L)
2	GND
3	MIC2(R)
4	-ACZ-DET
5	Front Audio(R)
6	Reserved
7	FAVDIO - JD
8	Key (No pin)
9	Front Audio(L)
10	Reserved

Fan Connections

There are two fan connections on the motherboard. The fan speed can be detected and viewed in the PC Health Status section of the CMOS Setup.

CPU FAN Connector
- Control
- Sense
- +12V
- GND

SYS FAN Connector
- Sense
- +12V
- GND
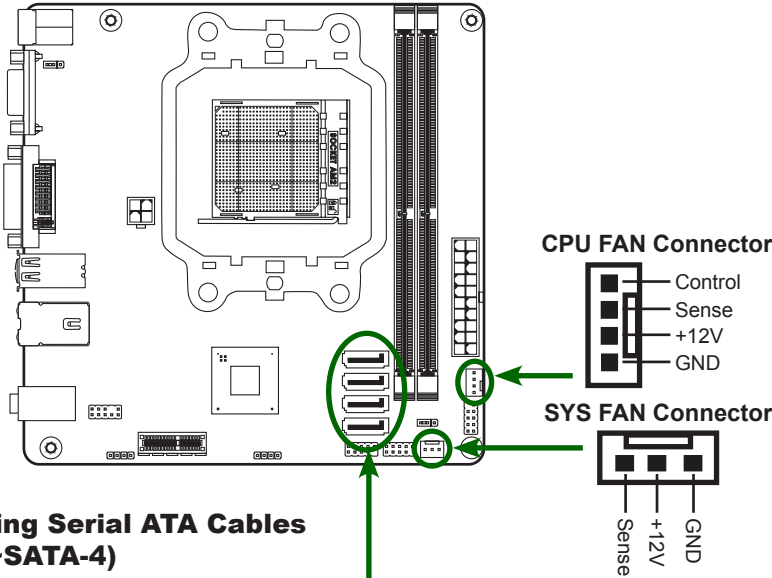
Connecting Serial ATA Cables (SATA-1~SATA-4)

The Serial ATA II connector is used to connect the Serial ATA II device to the motherboard. These connectors support the thin Serial ATA II cables for primary storage devices. The current Serial ATA II interface allows up to 3Gb/s data transfer rate. There are four serial ATA connectors on the motherboard that support AHCI and RAID configurations.

SATA4 **1**

SATA1 **1**

SATA3 **1**

SATA2 **1**

SATA - Pin Definition

PIN	SIGNAL
1	GND
2	TXP
3	TXN
4	GND
5	RXN
6	RXP
7	GND

Expansion Slots

The motherboard contains one expansion slot, one PCI Express slot x1.
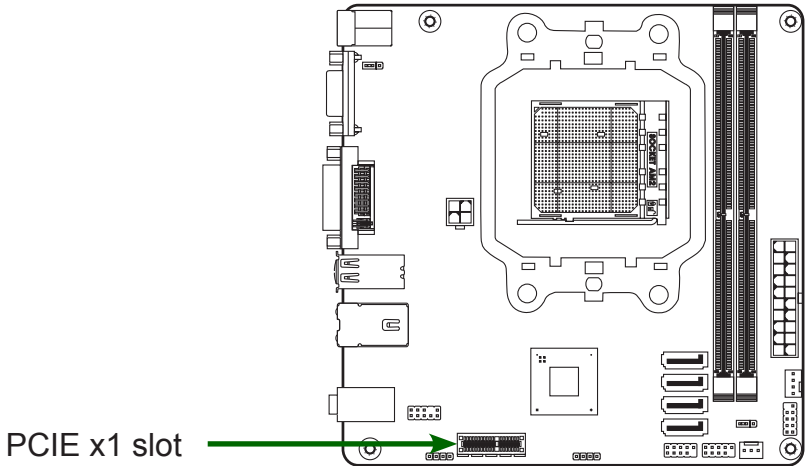
PCIE x1 slot

PCI Express x1 Slots(optional)

There is one PCI Express x1 slot that is designed to accommodate less bandwidth-intensive cards, such as a modem or LAN card. The x1 slot provides 500 MB/sec bandwidth.

Jumper Setting

This chapter explains how to configure the motherboard's hardware. Before using your computer, make sure all jumpers and DRAM modules are set correctly. Refer to this chapter whenever in doubt.

J1H1-CMOS Clear

J1H1	Selection
1 ▪▪▫ 1-2*	Normal*
1 ▫▪▪ 2-3	CMOS Clear

JPUSB-Rear USB Power Selection

JPUSB	Selection
1 ▪▪▫ 1-2*	5V power input
1 ▫▪▪ 2-3	5V standby power input

▪ Close   ▫ Open   * Default setting.

Notice:
1. Be sure to save the CMOS setting when exit the CMOS.
2. If the CPU is frequency multiplier locked, no CPU speed change will be seen even if the frequency multiplier setting in CMOS setup is changed.

Configuring the BIOS

About the Setup Utility

The motherboard uses the latest Award BIOS with support for Windows Plug and Play. The CMOS chip on the motherboard contains the ROM setup instructions for configuring the motherboard BIOS.

The BIOS (Basic Input and Output System) Setup Utility displays the system's configuration status and provides you with options to set system parameters. The parameters are stored in battery-backed-up CMOS RAM that saves this information when the power is turned off. When the system is turned back on, the system is configured with the values you stored in CMOS.

The BIOS Setup Utility enables you to configure:

Hard drives, diskette drives and peripherals

Video display type and display options

Password protection to prevent unauthorized use

Power Management features

The settings made in the Setup Utility affect how the computer performs. Before using the Setup Utility, ensure that you understand the Setup Utility options.

This chapter provides explanations for Setup Utility options.

The Standard Configuration

A standard configuration has already been set in the Setup Utility. However, we recommend that you read this chapter in case you need to make any changes in the future.

This Setup Utility should be used:
- when changing the system configuration
- when a configuration error is detected and you are prompted to make changes to the Setup Utility
- when trying to resolve IRQ conflicts
- when making changes to the Power Management configuration
- when changing the password or making other changes to the Security Setup

Entering the Setup Utility

When you power on the system, BIOS enters the Power-On Self Test (POST) routines. POST is a series of built-in diagnostics performed by the BIOS. After the POST routines are completed, the following message appears:

Main Menu

Once you enter the Award BIOS CMOS Setup Utility, the Main Menu will appear on the screen. The Main Menu allows you to select from various setup functions and two exit choices. Use the arrow keys to select among the items and press <Enter> to accept and enter the sub-menu.

Phoenix - Award WorkstationBIOS CMOS Setup Utility

▸ Standard CMOS Features	▸ Frequency/Voltage Control
▸ Advanced BIOS Features	Load Fail-Safe Defaults
▸ Advanced Chipset Features	Load Optimized Defaults
▸ Integrated Peripherals	Set Supervisor Password
▸ Power Management Setup	Set User Password
▸ PnP/PCI Configurations	Save & Exit Setup
▸ PC Health Status	Exit Without Saving

Esc : Quit   ↑↓→←: Select Item
F10 : Save & Exit Setup

Time, Date, Hard Disk Type ... ...

(Note : The sample BIOS Setup Menu included here only shows a typical case, and may not be exactly the same as the one on your unit.)

Note that a brief description of each highlighted item will appear at the bottom of the screen.

Standard CMOS Features   This setup page includes all the items of Award™ special standard features.

Advanced BIOS Features   This setup page includes all the items of Award™ special enhanced features.

Advanced Chipset Features   This setup page includes all the items of chipset special features.

Integrated Peripherals   This section page includes all the items of IDE hard drive and Programmed Input / Output features.

Power Management Setup   This entry only appears if your system supports Power Management "Green PC" standards.

PNP/PCI Configurations   This entry appears if your system supports PNP/PCI.

PC Health Status Display CPU and Case Fan Speed etc.

Frequency/ CPU speed setting are settings of CPU speed. You should
Voltage Control refer to your CPU marking.

Load Fail-Safe The BIOS defaults have been set by the manufacturer and
Defaults represent settings which provide the minimum requirements
for your sys to operate

Load Optimized The chipset defaults are settings which provide for maximum
Defaults system performance. While Award has designed the
custom BIOS to maximize performance, the manufacturer
has the right to change these defaults to meet its needs.

Set Supervisor/ Changes, sets, or disables password. It allows you to limit
User Password access to the system and the Setup Program.

Save & Exit Saves value changes to CMOS and exits setup.
Setup
Exit Without Abandons all CMOS value changes and exits setup.
Saving

Standard CMOS Features

The items in Standard CMOS Setup Menu are divided into 10 categories. Each category
includes one or more setup items. Use the arrow keys to highlight the item and then
use the <PgUp> or <PgDn> key to select the desired value in each item.

Phoenix - Award WorkstationBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
Standard CMOS Features

Date (mm :dd :yy)	Sat. Jan 01 2005	Item Help
Time (h h :mm :ss)	11 : 1 : 35	
		Menu Level ‣
‣ IDE Primary Master	[Press Enter 4303 MB]	
‣ IDE Primary Slave	[None]	Change the day, month,
‣ IDE Secondary Master	[None]	year and century
‣ IDE Secondary Slave	[None]	
Drive A	[1.44M, 3.5 in.]	
Drive B	[None]	
Video	[EGA/VGA]	
Halt on	[All, but keyboard]	
Base Memory	640K	
Extended Memory	30720K	
Total Memory	31744K	

↑↓→←Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD : Value F10 : Save ESC : Exit F1 :General Help
F5 : Previous Values F6 : Fail-Safe Defaults F7 : Optimized Defaults

Date	The date format is <day-of-the-week>. <month> <day> <year>.
Time	The time format is <hour> <Minute> <second> displayed in 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p. m. is displayed as 13:00:00.
Primary Master/Primary Slave/Secondary Master/Secondary	These categories identify the types of the two channels that have been installed in the computer. If the controller of the HDD interface is SCSI, the selection shall be "None".
Drive A Type / Drive B Type	This category identifies the drive types which have been installed in the computer.
Video	The default setting is EGA/VGA.
Halt on	You can select which type of error will cause the system to halt.

Advanced BIOS Features

This section allows you to configure your system for basic operation. You have the opportunity to select the system's default speed, boot-up sequence, keyboard operation, shadowing and security.

Advanced Chipset Features

The Chipset Features Setup option is used to change the values of the chipset registers. These registers control most of the system options in the computer.

This section allows you to configure the system based on the specific features of the installed chipset. This chipset manages bus speeds and access to system memory resources, such as DRAM and the external cache. It must be stated that these items should not be altered. The default settings have been chosen because they provide the best operating conditions for your system.

Integrated Peripherals

The Integrated Peripherals Setup allows the user to configure the onboard IDE controller, floppy disk controller, the printer port and the serial ports.

Power Management Setup

The Power Management Setup Menu allows you to configure your system to save the most energy while operating in a manner consistent with your own style of computer use.

PNP/PCI Configurations

This section describes how to configure the PCI bus system. This section covers some very technical items and it is recommended that only experienced users should make any changes to the default settings.

PC Health Status

The PC Health Status displays CPU and Case Fan Speed.

Frequency/Voltage Control

This section allows you to set CPU Speed.

Set Supervisor/User Password

When this function is selected, the following message appears at the center of the screen to assist you in creating a password.

<div align="center">

ENTER PASSWORD

</div>

Type the password, up to eight characters, and press <Enter>. The password typed now will clear any previously entered password from CMOS memory. You will be asked to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You may also press <Esc> to abort the selection. To disable password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter password. A message will confirm the password being disabled. Once the password is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter BIOS Setup freely.

<div align="center">

PASSWORD DISABLED

</div>

If you have selected "**System**" in "Security Option" of "BIOS Features Setup" menu, you will be prompted for the password every time the system reboots or any time you try to enter BIOS Setup. If you have selected "**Setup**" at "Security Option" from "BIOS Features Setup" menu, you will be prompted for the password only when you enter BIOS Setup.

Supervisor Password has higher priority than User Password. You can use Supervisor Password when booting the system or entering BIOS Setup to modify all settings. Also you can use User Password when booting the system or entering BIOS Setup but can not modify any setting if Supervisor Password is enabled.

Save & Exit Setup

Navigate to this option and press <Enter> to save the changes that you have made in the Setup Utility and exit the Setup Utility. When the Save and Exit dialog box appears, press <Y> to save and exit, or press <N> to return to the main menu.

Exit Without Saving

Navigate to this option and press <Enter> to discard any changes that you have made in the Setup Utility and exit the Setup Utility. When the Exit Without Saving dialog box appears, press <Y> to discard changes and exit, or press <N> to return to the main menu.

Note: If you have made settings that you do not want to save, use the "Exit Without Saving" item and press <Y> to discard any changes you have

FLASH Update Procedure

The program AWDFLASH.EXE is included on the driver CD (D:\Utility\ AWDFLASH.EXE). Please follow the recommended procedure to update the flash BIOS, as listed below.

1. Create a DOS-bootable floppy diskette. Copy the new BIOS file (just obtained or downloaded) and the utility program AWDFLASH.EXE to the diskette.
2. Allow the PC system to boot from the DOS diskette.
3. At the DOS prompt, type

    AWDFLASH<ENTER>

4. Enter the file name of the new BIOS.
5. The question: "Do you want to save BIOS (Y/N)?" is displayed.

    Press "N" if there is no need to save the existing BIOS.
    Press "Y" if a backup copy of the existing BIOS is needed.
    (A file name has to be assigned to the existing BIOS binary
    file.)

6. The message : "Press "Y" to program or "N" to exit" is displayed. Type

    "Y"<ENTER>

7. Wait until the flash-update is completed.
8. Restart the PC.

Warning : - Do not turn off or RESET the computer during the flash process.
- If you are not sure how to upgrade the BIOS, please take your com puter to an Authorized Service Center and have a trained technician do the work for you.

Installing Drivers and Software

Note: It is important to remember that before installing the driver CD that is shipped in the kit, you need to load your operating system. The motherboard supports Windows XP 32bit and 64bit and is Vista-capable.

The kit comes with a CD that contains utility drivers and additional software.

Depending on your system setup,the install disk may automatically run the install setp. exe and pop up a menu. If it does not run,go to My Computer and click on the CD to open.

Usually,you should install the Nvidia chipset driver first, then install HDA driver,then install HDMI driver. After install all drivers, you should restart your computer.

After finish installing driver, you can open below page that provides information about the harware devices on this motherboard, and check whether finish your installation.
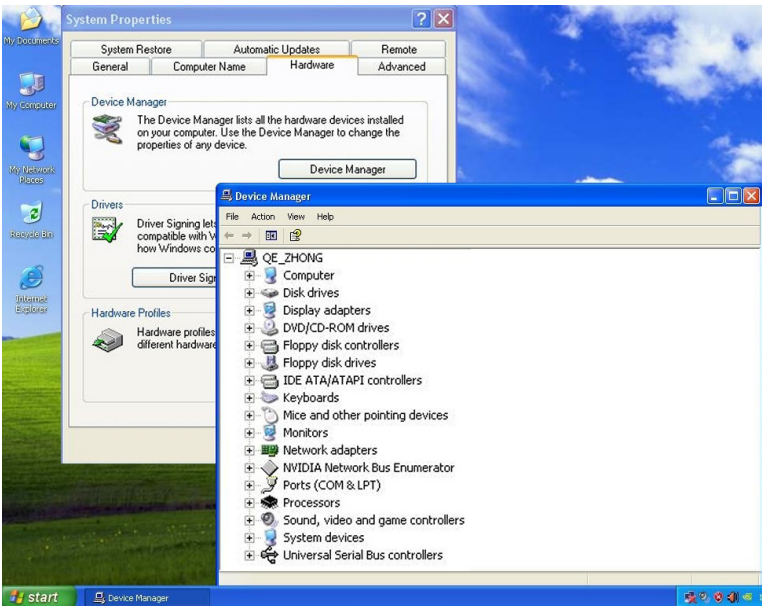
HDMI SETUP

You can connect HDMI device to DVI port by a DVI - HDMI dongle.

Enter Control Panel, double click "Sounds and Auddio Devices", select "NVIDIA HDMI Audio" as default play back device, then click ok.
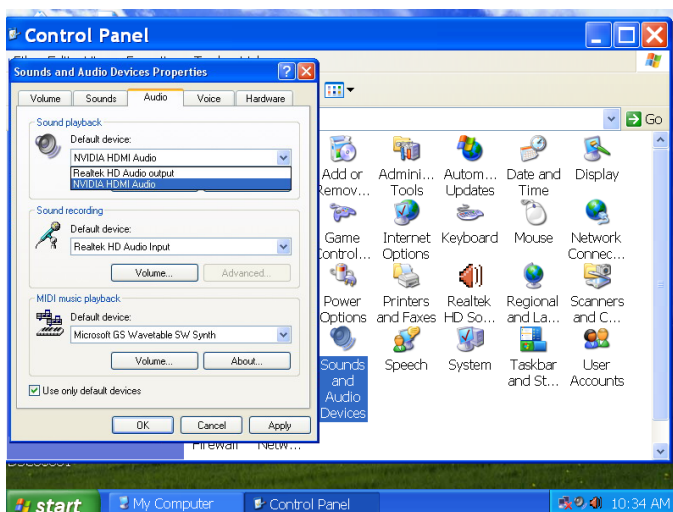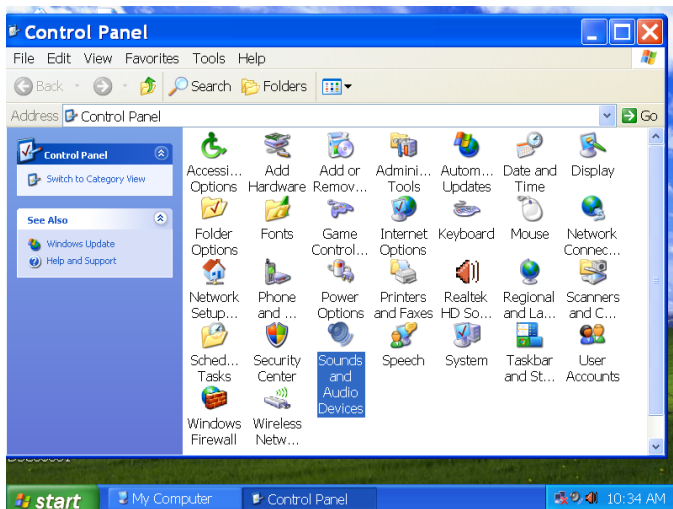
Realtek HD Audio Driver Setup
Getting Started

After Realtek HD Audio Driver being installed (insert the driverCD and follow the on-screen instructions), "Realtek HD Audio Manager" icon will show in System tray as below. Double click the icon and the control panel will appear:

Sound Effect

After clicking on the "Sound Effect" tab, 3 sections "Environment", "Equalizer" and "Karaoke" are available for selection.

Environment Simulation

You will be able to enjoy different sound experience by pulling down the arrow, totally 23 kinds of sound effect will be shown for selection. Realtek HD Audio Sound Manager also provides five popular settings "Stone Corridor", "Bathroom", "Sewer pipe", "Arena" and "Audio Corridor" for quick enjoyment.

Equalizer Selection

The Equalizer section allows you to create your own preferred settings by utilizing this tool.

In standard 10 bands of equalizer, ranging from 100Hz to 16KHz are available:

Save
The settings are saved permanently for future use

Reset 1
10 bands of equalizer would go back to the default setting

Enable / Disable
To disable, you can temporarily stop the sound effect without losing the settings

Load
Whenever you would like to use preload settings, simply click this, the whole list will be shown for your selection.

Delete
To delete the pre-saved settings which are created from previous steps.

Frequently Used Equalizer Setting

Realtek recognizes the needs that you might have. By leveraging our long experience at audio field, Realtek HD Audio Sound Manager provides you certain optimized equalizer settings that are frequently used for your quick enjoyment.

How to Use

Other than the buttons "Pop" "Live" "Club" & "Rock" shown on the page, to pull down the arrow in "Others" , you will find more optimized settings available to you.

Karaoke Mode

Karaoke mode brings Karaoke fun back home by simply using the music you usually play, Karaoke mode can help you eliminate the vocal of the song or adjust the key to accommodate your range.

Vocal Cancellation: Single click on "Voice Cancellation", the vocals of the songs will be erased, while the background music is still playing which lets you take over the vocal part.

Key Adjustment: Using "Up / Down Arrow" to find a key which better fits your vocal range.

Mixer

Realtek HD Audio Sound Manager integrates Microsoft's "Volume Control" functions into the Mixer page. This gives you the advantage to you to create your favorite sound effect in one single tool.

Playback control

(from right to left)
√ Mute
√ Tool

Playback device
This function is to let you freely decide which ports to output the sound,And this is essential when multi-streaming playback enabled.
√ Realtek HD Audio Rear Output
√ Realtek HD Audio Front Output
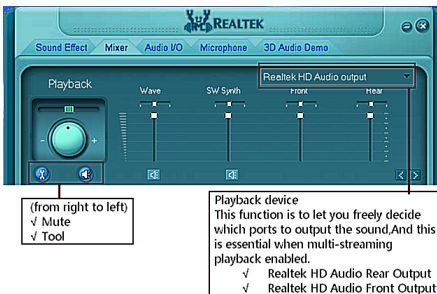
Mute

You may choose to mute single or multiple volume controls or to completely mute sound output.

Tool

√ **Show the following volume control**
This is to let you freely decide which volume control items to be displayed, total 13 items to be chosen.

√ **Advanced controls**

√ **Enable playback multi-streaming**

With this function, you will be able to have an audio chat with your friends via headphone (stream 1 from front panel) while still have music (stream 2 from back panel) playing. At any given period, you can have maximum 2 streams operating simultaneously.
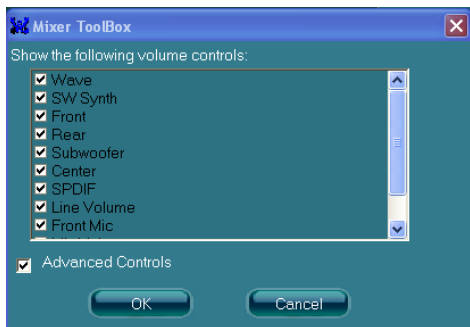
Recording control

(from right to left)	Recording device
√ Mute	√ Back Line in/Mic,Front Lin in
√ Tool	√ Realtek HD Audio Digital Input
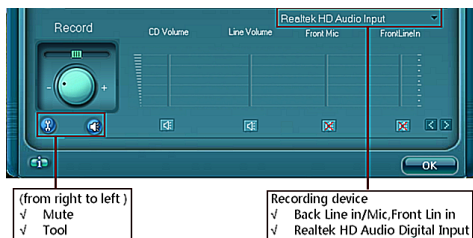
Mute

You may choose to mute single or multiple volume controls or to completely mute sound input.

Tool

√ **Show the following volume controls**

This is to let you freely decide which volume control items to be displayed.

√ **Advanced controls.**
Advanced control is a "Microphone Boost" icon.
Once this item is checked, you will find "advanced" icon beside "Front Pink In" & "Mic Volume". With this, the input signal into "Front Pink In" & "Mic Volume" will be strengthen.

√ **Enable recording multi-streaming**
At any given period, you can have maximum 2 streams operating simultaneously.
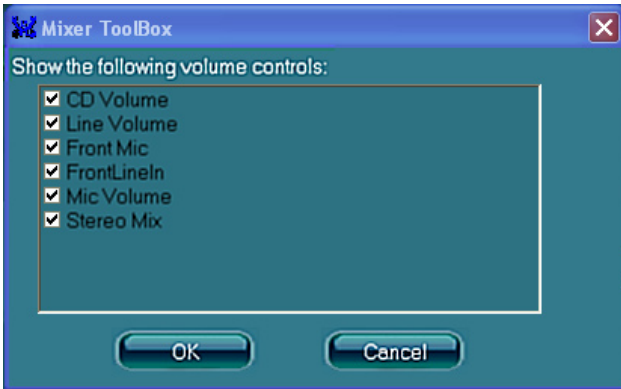
Audio I/O

Realtek HD Audio Manager frees you from default speaker settings. Different from before, for each jack, they are not limited to perform certain functions. Instead, now each jack is able to be chosen to perform either output (i.e. playback) function or input (i.e. Recording) function, we call this "Retasking".

Audio I/O aims to help you setting jacks as you wish. Moreover, other than blue to blue, pink to pink, the way that you used to do, Audio I/O would guide you to other right jacks that can also serve as microphone / speaker / headphone.

Speaker Configuration

Step 1: Plug in the device in any available jack.

Step 2: Dialogue "connected device" will pop up for your selection. Please select the device you are trying to plug in.

　　* If the device is being plugged into the correct jack, you will be able to find the icon beside the jack changed to the one that is same as your device.

　　* If not correct, Realtek HD Audio Manager will guide you to plug the device into the correct jack.
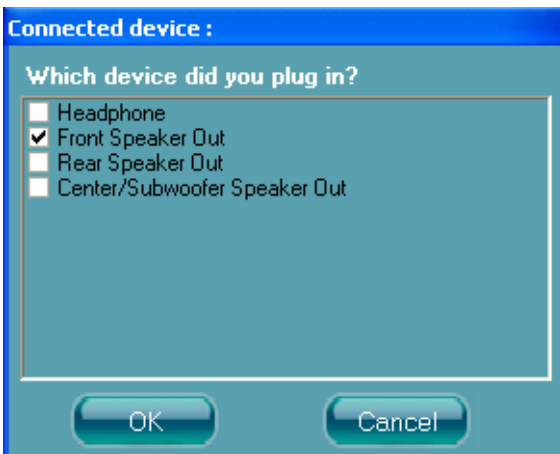
Connector Settings

Click 🔧 to access global connector settings
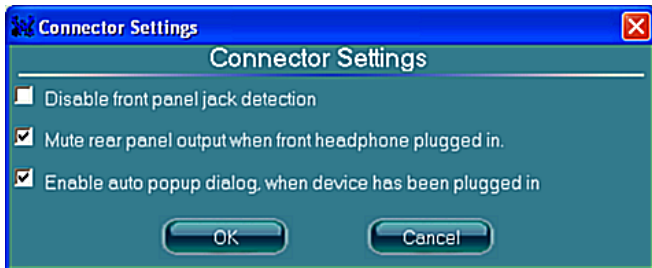
√ **Mute rear panel when front headphone plugged in**
Once this option is checked, whenever front headphone is plugged, the music that is playing from the back panel, will be stopped.

√ **Disable front panel jack detection (option)**
Did not find any function on front panel jacks?
Please check if front jacks on your system are so-called AC'97 jacks. If so, please check this item to disable front panel jack detection.

√ **Enable auto popup dialogue, when device has been plugged in.**
Once this item checked, the dialog "Connected device", would not automatically pop up when device plugged in.

S/PDIF

Short for **S**ony/**P**hilips **D**igital **I**nterface, a standard audio file transfer format. S/PDIF allows the transfer of digital audio signals from one device to another without having to be converted first to an analog format. Maintaining the viability of a digital signal prevents the quality of the signal from degrading when it is converted to analog.
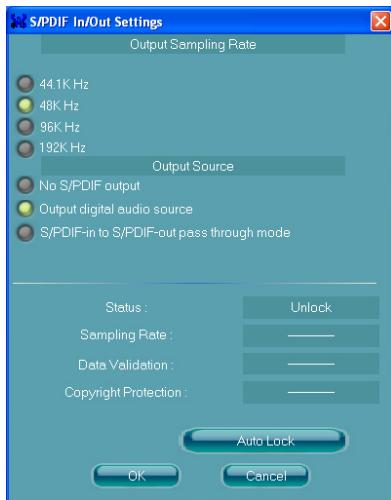
√ **Output Sampling Rate**

- 44.1KHz: This is recommend while playing CD
- 48KHz: This is recommended while playing DVD or Dolby.
- 96KHz: This is recommended while playing DVD-Audio.

√ **Output Source**

- Output digital audio source: The digital audio format (such as .wav, .mp3, .midi etc) will come out through S/PDIF-Out.

Speaker Calibration

After you have successfully plugged in speakers and assigned to the right jacks, you are only one more step to go to enjoy the intended sound. We provide "Speaker Calibration" to help you check if the speakers are located in the correct position.

Step1
Select the channel output(headphone / 2 / 4 / 6 channel)

Step2
Click "play" icon

Step3
Look at the scene;while the speaker appears flushing,you should be able to hear the sound exactly from that direction.

Microphone

This page is designed to provide you better microphone / recording quality.

Below picture indicates both "Noise Suppression" & "Acoustic Echo Cancellation" are both enabled.

Noise Suppression

If you feel that the background noise, especially the sound generated from the fan inside PC, is too loud? Try "Noise Suppression", which allows you to cut off and suppress disturbing noise.

Beam Forming

Also known as "directional recording", this option lets you do the following: Once beam forming is enabled; only the sound from certain direction will be recorded. You will get the best quality if you chose 90° position, which we recommend you to use, this effectively means that you speak right into the microphone.

Note: A Stereo Microphone is required when using Beam Forming function.

Acoustic Echo Cancellation

This function prevents playback sound from being recorded by microphone together with your sound. For example, you might have chance to use VOIP function through Internet with your friends. The voice of your friend will come out from speakers (playback). However, the voice of your friend might also be recorded into your microphone then go back to your friend through Internet. In that case, your friend will hear his/her own voice again. With AEC (Acoustic Echo Cancellation) enabled at your side, your friend can enjoy the benefit with less echo.

Audio Demo

The section "3D Audio Demo" grants you another possibility to enjoy your sound. The Audio Demo allows you to listen to sound in an extraordinary way.

Information

This section provides information about your current system audio device.

SATA RAID User Manual
Setting up the BIOS
1.   Setting your computer, then press Delete to enter the Bios setup. The BIOS CMOS Setup Utility window appears.

```
Phoenix-Award WorkstationBIOS CMOS Setup Utility

  Standard CMOS Features          Frequency/Voltage Control

  Advanced BIOS Features          Load Fail-Safe Defaults
  Advanced Chipset Features       Load Optimized Defaults
  Integrated Peripherals          Set Supervisor Password
  Power Management Setup           Set User Password
  Pnp/PCI Configurations          Save & Exit Setup
  PC Health Status                Exit without Saving

  Esc:Quit                        ↑↓→ ←: Select Item
  F10:Save & Exit Setup

            Onboard IO, IRQ, DMA Assignment…
```

2.   Use the arrow keys to select Integrated Peripherals, then press Enter. TheIntegrated Peripherals window appears.

```
Phoenix-Award WorkstationBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
                Integrated Peripherals
 IDE Function Setup        [Press Enter]          Item Help
 MCP Storage Config        [Press Enter]
 Onboard Device            [Press Enter]       Menu Level
 USB Device Setting        [Press Enter]
 Init Display First        [PCIEX]
 IDE HDD Block Mode        [Enabled]
 Onboard FDC Controller    [Enabled]
 Onboard Serial Port       [3F8/IRQ4]




↑ ↓ → ←:Move   Enter:Select   +/-/PU/PD:Value   F10:Save   ESC:Exit   F1:General Help
```

3.   Use the arrow keys to select the RAID Config, then press Enter. The RAID Config window appears.

```
          Phoenix-Award WorkstationBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
                         RAID Config
   Serial-ATA Controller        [Enabled]              Item Help
   SATA Operation Mode          [RAID]
   SATA SACP Feature            [OFF]          Menu Level








 ↑ ↓ → ←:Move   Enter:Select   +/-/PU/PD:Value   F10:Save   ESC:Exit   F1:General Help
       F5:   Previous Values        F6:   Fail-Safe Defaults      F7: Optimized Defaults
```
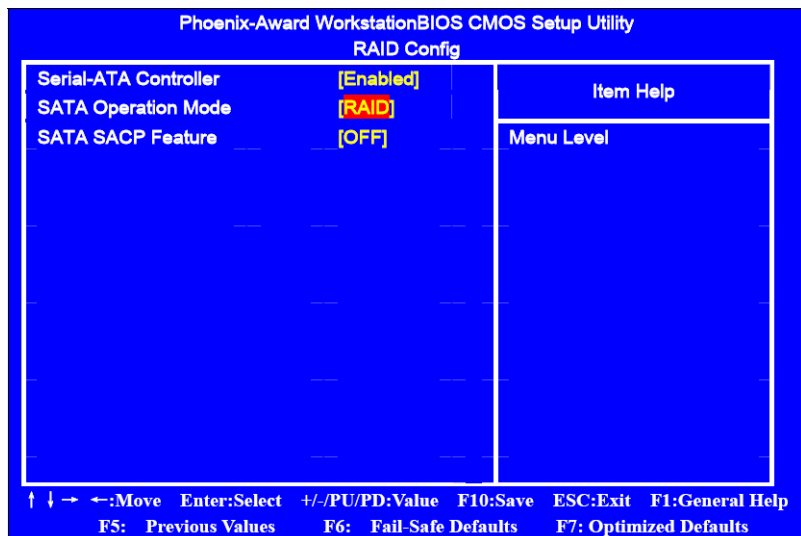
4.   From the RAID Config window,enable RAID, then enable the disks that you want to use as RAID disks.

5.   Press F10 to save the configuration and exit. The PC reboots.

6.   Enter the RAID BIOS Setup by pressing F10 when prompted, and proceed to set up the NVRAID BIOS as described in the next Section.

Entering the RAID BIOS Setup

1. After rebooting your computer, wait until you see the RAID software promptint you to press F10.

2. The NVIDIA RAID Utility –Define a New Array window appears
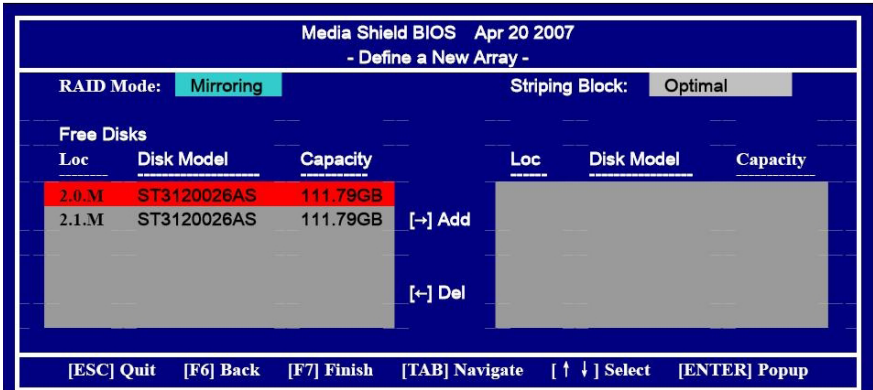
3. In the RAID Mode field, use the UP or Down ARROW key to select a RAID Mode. The supported RAID modes include Mirroring (RAID 1), Striping (RAID 0) and Stripe Mirroring (RAID 0+1), Spanning(JBOD) and RAID 5. The following is an example of RAID 0 array creation.

4. If RAID 0(Striping) is selected, you can manually set the striping block size. in the Striping Block field, use the UP or DOWN ARROW ey to set the Striping Block size. The KB is standard unit of Striping Block size. We recommend you leaving it to the default setting-Optimal(64k). The size   range is from 4k to 128k.

5. Select the hard drivers which you wish to be included in the disk array. The Free Disks section displays the information about the currently installed SATA hard drives. Press the TAB key to move to the Free Disks section. Select the target hard drives using the UP or DOWN ARROW key and use the RIGHT ARROW key to add the hard drives to the Array Disks section.
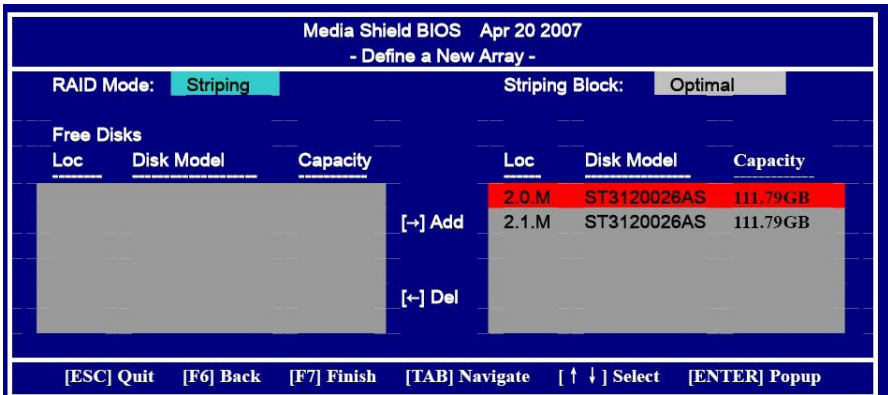
6. Press F7 after selecting the target hard disks. A message which says "Clear disk data?" will appear. If you are sure to clear the data in the selected hard drives, press Y. (If the hard drives contain previously created RAID array, you need to press Y to clear the data from the hard drives.)
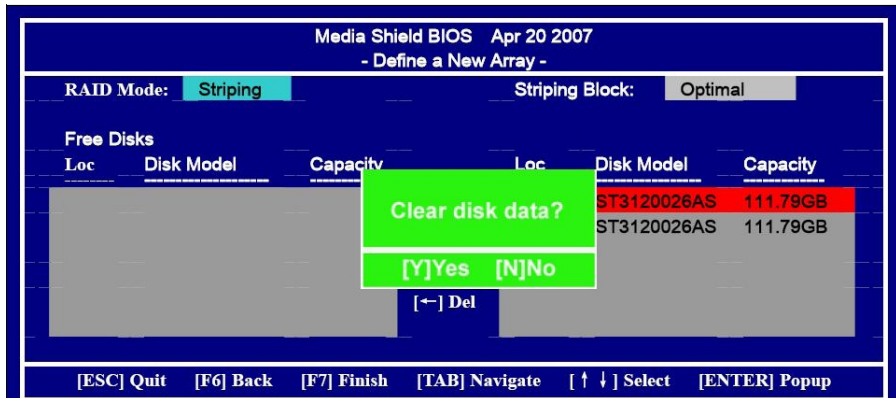
7. After that, then Array List screen displaying the RAID array you created will appear. If you want to set the disk array as boot device, use the UP or DOWN ARROW key to select the array and press B. The Boot section will show Yes.

```
                Media Shield BIOS   Apr 20 2007
                          - Array List -

      Boot      Id      Status     Vendor     Array Model Name
      -------    ----    ----------  ----------   --------------------------
      No        2       Healthy    NVIDIA     STRIPE   223.57G




      [Ctrl-X] Exit   [ ↑ ↓ ] Select   [B] Set Boot   [N] New Array     [ENTER] Detail
```

8. To read more information about the RAID array, press ENTER to enter the Array Detail screen, where you should see detailed information about RAID mode, disk block size, disk model name, and disk capacity, etc.

```
                Media Shield BIOS   Apr 20 2007
                          - Array Detail -

   RAID Mode:    Striping
   Striping Width : 1                          Striping Block:64K


         Adapt      Channel      M/S      Idex     Disk Model    Capacity
         --------   --------     ------   ------   ------------   --------

         1          0           Master   0        ST3120026AS   111.79GB
         1          1           Master   1        ST3120026AS   111.79GB




                 [R] Rebuild    [D] Delete   [C] Clear Disk    [ENTER] Return
```

9. To delete the array, press D in the Array Detail screen. When the "Delete this array?" message appears, press Y to confirm or N to cancel. Press ENTER to return to the Array List screen. To exit the Nvidia RAID utility, press ESC in the main menu or Ctrl+X in the Array List screen. Now, you can proceed to install the SATA controller driver and operating system.

Installing the RAID Drivers

1. After you complete the RAID BIOS setup, boot from the windowsXP CD. The Windows Setup program starts.

Windows Setup

Press F6 if you need to install a third party SCSI or RAID driver.

2. Press F6 and wait a few moments for the Windows Setup screen to appear.

Windows Setup

Setup could not determine the type of one or more mass storage devices installed in you system,or you have chosen to manually specify an adapter.Currently, Setup will load support for the following mass storage devices(s)

   <none>

  *To specify additional SCSI adapters,CD-ROM drivers, or special
   disk controllers for use with Windows,including those for
    which you have a device support disk from a mass storage device
    manufacturer,press S.

  *If you do not have any device support disks from a mass storage
   device manufacturer,or do not want to specify additional
   mass storage devices for use with Windows,press ENTER.

S=Specify Additional Device   ENTER=Continue   F3=Exit

3. Specify the NVIDIA drivers.

(1). Insert the floppy that has the RAID driver, press S, then press Enter.

```
Windows Setup

    You have chosen to configure a SCSI Adapter for use with Windows,
    Using a device support disk provided by an adapter manufacturer.

    Select the SCSI Adapter you want from the following list,or press ESC
    To return to the previous screen.

              NVIDIA RAID CLASS DRIVER
              NVIDIA Nforce Storage Controller




 ENTER=Select   F3=Exit
```
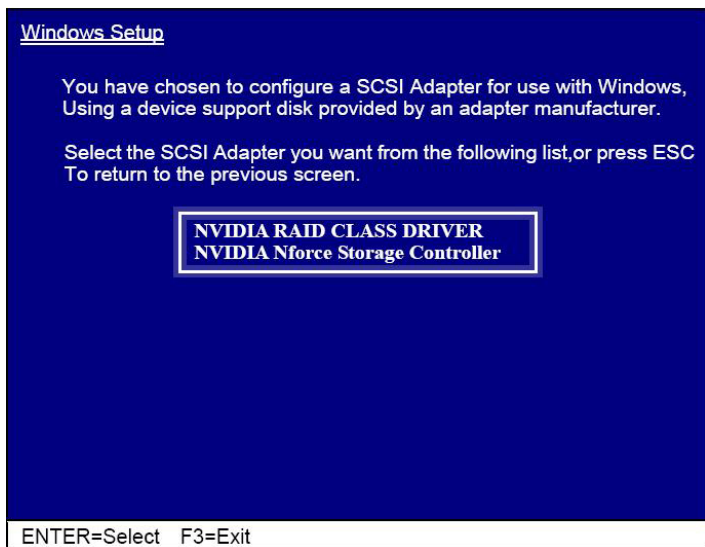
(2). Select "NVIDIA RAID CLASS DRIVER" and then press Enter.

```
Windows Setup

  Setup will load support for the following mass storage device(s);

  NVIDIA RAID CLASS DRIVER

    *To specify additional SCSI adapters,CD-ROM drives, or Special
     disk controllers for use with Windows,including those for
     which you have a device support disk form a mass storage device
     manuafacturer,press S.

    *If you do not have any device support disks from a mass storage
     device manufacturer,or do not want to specify additional
     mass storage devices for use with Windows,press ENTER.




 S=Specify Additional Device   ENTER=Continue   F3=Exit
```

(3). Press S again at the Specify Devices screen, then press Enter.

(4). Select "NVDIA Nforce Storage Controller" and then press Enter.

```
Windows Setup

 Setup will load support for the following mass storage device(s);

 NVIDIA RAID CLASS DRIVER
 NVIDIA Nforce Storage Controller

    *To specify additional SCSI adapters,CD-ROM drives, or Special
     disk controllers for use with Windows,including those for
     which you have a device support disk form a mass storage device
     manuafacturer,press S.

    *If you do not have any device support disks from a mass storage
     device manufacturer,or do not want to specify additional
     mass storage devices for use with Windows,press ENTER.




 S=Specify Additional Device   ENTER=Continue   F3=Exit
```

4. Press Enter to continue with Windows XP Installation.
    Be sure to leave the floppy disk inserted in the floppy drive until the blue screen portion of Windows XP installation is completed, then take out the floppy.

5. Follow the instructions on how to install Windows XP.
    During the GUI portion of the install you might be prompted to click Yes to install the RAID driver. Click Yes as many times as needed in order to finish the installation. This will not be an issue with a signed driver.

```
WindowsXP Professional Setup

 Welcome to Setup.
 This port of the Setup program prepares Microsoft(R)
 Windows(R) XP to run on your computer.

      To set up Windows XP now,press ENTER.

      To repair a Windows XP installation using
      Recovery Console,press R,

      To quit setup without installing Windows XP,press F3.






 Enter=Continue    R=Repair    F3=Exit
```

www.zotac.com